This graph gives information about the value of U.S. imports from 1790 until 1817. Answer the following questions using the information given on the graph:

**QUESTIONS**

1. Between 1795 and 1810, the value of imports retained in the United States for domestic use remained fairly constant. Was the total value of imports increasing or decreasing during this time? What was happening to the imports that were not retained in the United States? What was happening in Europe that would help explain the changing value of imports represented on the graph during this time?

2. In 1810 there was a drop in total imports, followed by a greater drop in 1813. What was happening that would account for this drop?

4. In 1815, the total value of imports and the value of imports retained for domestic use soared. What would explain this dramatic increase in total imports? In imports retained for domestic consumption?

5. Use the figures given for the value of imports from China and graph them on the graph above.
   
   1795 — $1,100,000
   
   1805 — $3,800,000
   
   1816 — $4,200,000.
Early American Trade with China

**U.S. IMPORTS**
1790-1817

- **Millions of Dollars**
- **Year**
- **Total imports (in million $)**
- **Imports retained for consumption (in million $)**